



## Hamamelis ×intermedia



<b>Height</b>	4 m
<b>Width</b>	3-4m
<b>Crown</b>	broad vase-shaped to round, dark, dense crown, capricious growing
<b>Bark and branches</b>	brown, smooth
<b>Leaf</b>	obovate, slightly glossy dark green, 10 - 15 cm
<b>Autumn colour</b>	yellow, red, purple
<b>Flowers</b>	with 4 ver narrow petals, light yellow to purplish red, in compact clusters, december/march
<b>Fruits</b>	dry capsule, dark brown
<b>Spines/thorns</b>	None
<b>Toxicity</b>	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
<b>Soil type</b>	slightly acidic, moist but well-drained soil, cannot tolerate wet soil
<b>Paving</b>	tolerates no paving
<b>Winter hardiness zone</b>	6b (-20,5 to -17,8 °C)
<b>Wind resistance</b>	moderate
<b>Other resistances</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6)
<b>Application</b>	tree containers, small gardens, patio gardens
<b>Shape</b>	clearstem tree, multi-stem treem
<b>Origin</b>	Alfred Rehder, 1945

Large, broad shrub up to 4 m tall, with dense, rather tangled branches. The brown bark remains smooth even when mature. The leaves of young plants can measure up to 20 cm. The flowers grow in compact clusters of axillary racemes. The individual flowers grow to over 4 cm, varying in colour from light yellow to purplish red, depending on the cultivar. H. x intermedia originated from a cross of H. mollis and H. japonica. This hybrid was generated independently at various places in the world. Alfred Rehder described the hybrid first, based on a plant in the Arnold Arboretum in the USA. There are many cultivars under cultivation. The hybrid, H. x intermedia, is not grown as such.