



Cercis siliquastrum 'Alba'



Height	6 - 10 m
Width	6-10m
Crown	round, half-open crown
Bark and branches	grey, somewhat grooved when mature
Leaf	round to kidney-shaped, 4 - 9 cm, green
Flowers	cream ♂ white to dirt ♂ white, in clusters, April/May
Fruits	brown, flat pods
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	calcareous sandy or loamy soil
Soil moisture	suitable for dry soil
Paving	tolerates no paving
Winter hardiness zone	6b (-20,5 to -17,8 °C)
Wind resistance	moderate
Other resistances	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6)
Fauna tree	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), valuable for bees (honey plant)
Application	small gardens, patio gardens
Shape	clearstem tree, multi-stem treem
Synonyms	Cercis siliquastrum f. albida

Originated as a natural variety of *C. siliquastrum*, originally growing in the Mediterranean area. Sturdy shrub form that can grow into small to medium size, sometimes multi-stemmed tree. As a tree, the crown is round. The round to kidney-shaped leaves are mid-green. The flowers often appear before the leaves develop. They are creamy white to dirty white and stand in compact clusters. Can blossom very profusely as a tree. The pods persist all winter. This warmth-loving tree prefers a fertile, calcareous or loamy soil in full sun. Tolerates dry soil.