



## Celtis caucasica



<b>Height</b>	10 – 12 m
<b>Width</b>	8-10m
<b>Crown</b>	round/spherical, half-open crown
<b>Bark and branches</b>	twigs with soft hair, green, bark grey, smooth
<b>Leaf</b>	crooked ovoid to oblong, 5-10 cm long, green
<b>Autumn colour</b>	yellow
<b>Flowers</b>	inconspicuous, yellow-green, April
<b>Fruits</b>	drupe, 8 mm, yellow to brown-red
<b>Spines/thorns</b>	None
<b>Toxicity</b>	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
<b>Soil type</b>	clayed soil, loamy soil, sandy soil
<b>Soil moisture</b>	suitable for dry soil
<b>Paving</b>	tolerates paving
<b>Winter hardiness zone</b>	5b (-26,0 to -23,4 °C)
<b>Wind resistance</b>	good
<b>Other resistances</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind
<b>Fauna tree</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, valuable for butterflies
<b>Application</b>	avenues and broad streets, industrial areas
<b>Shape</b>	clearstem tree

*Celtis caucasica* is a medium-sized tree with a round crown. The young twigs are softly hairy but are bare by the end of the season. The grey bark is smooth. The leaves are obliquely ovate to obliquely oblong. Especially the young leaves are covered with short, stout hairs, making them rough to the touch. Later in summer, this hairiness largely disappears. The leaf edges are coarsely toothed and the top is pointed. The flowering of *C. caucasica* is inconspicuous, but attracts many bees. They are followed by small fruits that are yellow to brownish-red. *Celtis caucasica* is quite similar to *C. australis*, but differs in that the leaves are shorter and broader, with more distinctly serrated leaf edges. *C. caucasica* is also more drought-resistant and hardy. This species tolerates somewhat heavier soils and also copes well with drought and air pollution. This makes it a good future tree.