



Amelanchier arborea 'Robin Hill'



Height	5 - 10 m
Width	3-4m
Crown	oval, later broader, half-open crown
Bark and branches	grey-brown, smooth to slightly grooved
Leaf	reverse ovoid to oval, dark green, 3 - 7 cm
Autumn colour	yellow, red
Flowers	clusters, pink in the bud, later white, early April
Fruits	first dark red, later black, small, edible fruits
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	makes very few demands on the soil, prefers calcareous soil
Paving	tolerates partial paving
Winter hardiness zone	5a (-28,8 to -26,1 °C)
Wind resistance	very good
Other resistances	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, resistant to de-icing salt
Application	avenues and broad streets, narrow streets, tree containers, roof gardens, industrial areas, small gardens, patio gardens
Shape	clearstem tree, multi-stem tree
Origin	Robin Hill Arboretum, Lyndonville, New York, before 1970

Small tree with a striking winter silhouette thanks to the fine branching pattern. In the winter, the grey colour of the bark is striking. The reverse ovoid to oval, densely haired leaves have a pointy top and are dark green on the top and greyish green underneath. They turn spectacular yellow and red tints in the autumn. The flowers are in large, loose, pendulous clusters. When in the bud, they are pink, but turn completely white when open. The warmer the weather, the whiter the colour of the flowers. Berries appear in the autumn and turn from a dark red colour to black. 'Robin Hill' produces very little fruit. The tree has a fine root system close to the surface. It places little demands on the soil, prefers slightly calcareous soil that is not too wet.