

https://www.vdberk.co.uk/index.php/trees/aesculus-autumn-splendor/



Aesculus 'Autumn Splendor'



| Height | 15 m |
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| Width | 12-14m |
| Crown | round, dark, dense crown |
| Bark and branches | grey-brown, older bark somewhat grooved, buds non-sticky |
| Leaf | 5-fingered, dark green |
| Autumn colour | orange |
| Flowers | yellow with orange bloom, in panicles, May/June |
| Fruits | smooth, poisonous |
| Spines/thorns | None |
| Toxicity | has toxic components |
| Soil type | few soil requirements |
| Paving | tolerates paving |
| Winter hardiness zone | 5 (-28,8 to -23,4 °C) |
| Wind resistance | moderate |
| Other resistances | resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6) |
| Fauna tree | resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), valuable for bees (honey plant) |
| Application | avenues and broad streets |
| Shape | clearstem tree |
| Origin | University of Minnesota, St Paul, MN, USA, |
| Synonyms | Aesculus ×arnoldiana 'Autumn Splendour' |
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Medium-size tree with a round crown, up to approx. 15 m. The lower branches droop somewhat as the tree ages, causing them to hang fairly low. The dark green leaf has 5 fingers and should turn a deep orange-brown in autumn. However, this can vary widely depending on the soil type and from year to year. The yellow flowers always have a slightly orange-red bloom on top. They stand in compact panicles and usually open from mid-May to early June. It was originally assumed that 'Autumn Splendor' was a subspecies of A. × arnoldiana, which is a hybrid of A. glabra and A. × hybrida. However, because the tree was probably grown from seeds of A. sylvatica, 'Autumn Splendor' is now regarded as a hybrid cultivar.