



## Pyrus regelii



<b>Height</b>	5 - 8 (9) m
<b>Width</b>	4-7m
<b>Crown</b>	ovoid to rounded, open, half-open crown, capricious growing
<b>Bark and branches</b>	dark greyish brown, young shoots are grey, velvety and thorny
<b>Leaf</b>	variable, usually oval to elongated, dark green, 2 - 6 cm
<b>Autumn colour</b>	yellow
<b>Flowers</b>	in umbels, pure white, Ø 2.5 - 3 cm, April/May
<b>Fruits</b>	small pears, 2 - 3 cm long, greenish yellow
<b>Spines/thorns</b>	Yes
<b>Toxicity</b>	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
<b>Soil type</b>	places little demands
<b>Paving</b>	tolerates paving
<b>Winter hardness zone</b>	5 (-28,8 to -23,4 °C)
<b>Wind resistance</b>	good
<b>Other resistances</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind
<b>Fauna tree</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, provides food for birds
<b>Application</b>	coastal areas, industrial areas, small gardens
<b>Shape</b>	clearstem tree
<b>Origin</b>	South-eastern Kazakhstan

Rare wild pear that naturally occurs in south-eastern Kazakhstan (Turkestan). The crown is ovoid to rounded. Young twigs have white velvety hair and stay this way into the winter. Two-year-old twigs are purplish brown and thorny. The trunk is dark greyish brown: leaves are variably shaped. The leaves are usually oval to elongated with a slightly serrated edge. They can also have 3 – 7 sometimes deep lobes that are irregular crenated to serrated. The bright white flowers bloom in small umbels, with a diameter of 2 - 3 cm. Small yellowish green pears follow in the late summer. Pyrus regelii generally produces ample fruit, making it less suitable for planting along streets and avenues. It is better for use as a solitary tree in parks and gardens. Places little demands on the soil. Tolerates paving. Pyrus regelii is an uncommon pear tree with twigs covered with a grey felt-like layer. This is a remarkable characteristic especially in the winter.