



Pyrus communis 'Charneux'



Height	4-8m
Width	3-7m
Crown	broad pyramidal, half-open crown
Bark and branches	brown
Leaf	green
Flowers	white, flowers in April-June
Fruits	edible fruits, pale green, greenish yellow
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	clayed soil, loamy soil, sandy soil, calcareous soil
Paving	tolerates partial paving
Winter hardiness zone	5b (-26,0 to -23,4 °C)
Wind resistance	good, also on the coast
Other resistances	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind
Fauna tree	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, provides food for birds
Application	small gardens, patio gardens
Shape	clearstem tree, clearstem fruit tree, halfstem fruit tree, espalier fruit tree

'Charneux' is a moderately strong-growing pear tree with a narrow pyramidal to pyramidal, semi-open crown of 4-8 m in height. The stem branches grow steeply upwards. The tree flowers around the end of April and early May with white blossom, often followed by many afterflowers in May and early June. 'Charneux' is not self-pollinating, which means that a tree of another pear variety must be nearby for good fruiting. Preferably, 'Clapp's Favourite', 'Conference' or 'Doyenné du Comice' is used for this purpose. 'Charneux' pears are quite large and have a pale green, later greenish-yellow skin. The flesh is soft, juicy and aromatic, but the flavour is somewhat bland. The pears are ready for picking in the second half of September. It is a hand pear that can be stored for up to several months. The pears are only suitable for direct consumption and not for processing.

'Charneux' was found around 1800 by the Belgian grower M. Légipont from Charneux near Liège and is also known by the name Légipont. Hardiness zone 5b.