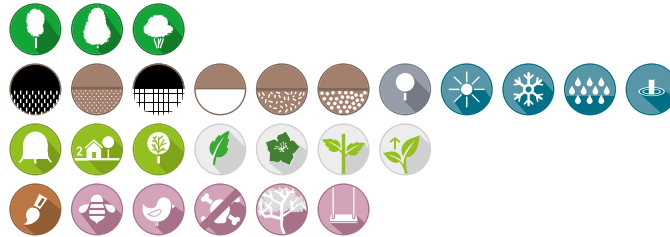




# Nyssa sylvatica 'Autumn Cascades'



<b>Height</b>	12 m
<b>Width</b>	6-8m
<b>Crown</b>	broad, weeping, half-open crown, capricious growing
<b>Bark and branches</b>	twigs greenish brown, bark dark grey, grooved
<b>Leaf</b>	obovate to oval, glossy dark green, 7 - 15 cm
<b>Autumn colour</b>	yellow, orange, red
<b>Flowers</b>	inconspicuous, greenish, April/May
<b>Fruits</b>	ovoid drupe, dark blue, Ø 0.9 - 1.5 cm
<b>Spines/thorns</b>	None
<b>Toxicity</b>	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
<b>Soil type</b>	prefers loamy soil, not too dry
<b>Soil moisture</b>	suitable for wet soil, withstand short flood
<b>Paving</b>	tolerates no paving
<b>Winter hardiness zone</b>	5a (-28,8 to -26,1 °C)
<b>Wind resistance</b>	moderate
<b>Other resistances</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6)
<b>Fauna tree</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), provides food for birds
<b>Application</b>	tree containers, roof gardens
<b>Shape</b>	clearstem tree, feathered tree, multi-stem tree

Nice weeping shape of black tupelo whose branches arch gracefully even when young. The glossy dark green leaves are obovate to oval. At 7 to 15 cm they are significantly larger than the species. In autumn they turn deep yellow and orange to scarlet over a period of weeks. The autumn colour partly depends on the soil type in which the tree stands. The root growth is deep making transplantation difficult. *N. sylvatica* grows naturally in marshy sites but this tree can also thrive well in less moist places.