



Magnolia tripetala



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| Height | 8 - 12 (15) m |
| Width | 8-12m |
| Crown | spreading fanlike to round, half-open crown, capricious growing |
| Bark and branches | bark grey, branches green to purple brown |
| Leaf | obovate, fresh green, 30 - 50 cm |
| Flowers | erect, bowl-shaped, Ø 15 - 25 cm, cream white, June/July |
| Fruits | elongated ovoid, purple red, seeds carmine red |
| Spines/thorns | None |
| Toxicity | usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock |
| Soil type | fertile, well permeating |
| Paving | tolerates partial paving |
| Winter hardiness zone | 5b (-26,0 to -23,4 °C) |
| Wind resistance | moderate |
| Other resistances | resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6) |
| Shape | clearstem tree, multi-stem treem |
| Origin | central and eastern North America |

A big, multiple-stemmed tree with a loose, spreading crown and a smooth grey bark. The purple brown twigs have a thin layer of wax and have brown-purple buds. The obovate leaf is extremely large, 40 - 50 cm at a maximum and the topside is shiny and fresh green. The underside of the young leaf is light grey-green and slightly haired. In summer cream-white, bowl-shaped flowers appear that are more erect than *M. hypoleuca*. The cream-white petals are 10 - 12 cm long. The long stamen are purple at the base. The flowers emit a faint, slightly unpleasant odour and are followed by ovoid, purple-red fruits that are circa 10 cm. Inside the fruits there are carmine-red seeds. After years a magnificent solitary that requires quite some space.