



## Celtis bungeana



<b>Height</b>	10 – 15 m
<b>Width</b>	10-12m
<b>Crown</b>	round/spherical, half-open crown
<b>Bark and branches</b>	twigs green, bark light grey, smooth
<b>Leaf</b>	ovate to elongated, 4-9 cm long, glossy dark green
<b>Autumn colour</b>	yellow
<b>Flowers</b>	inconspicuous, yellow-green, April
<b>Fruits</b>	drupe, 7 mm, black
<b>Spines/thorns</b>	None
<b>Toxicity</b>	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
<b>Soil type</b>	clayed soil, loamy soil, sandy soil
<b>Soil moisture</b>	suitable for dry soil
<b>Paving</b>	tolerates paving
<b>Winter hardiness zone</b>	5 (-28,8 to -23,4 °C)
<b>Wind resistance</b>	good
<b>Other resistances</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind
<b>Fauna tree</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, valuable for butterflies
<b>Application</b>	avenues and broad streets, industrial areas
<b>Shape</b>	clearstem tree

The medium to large *Celtis bungeana* forms a round crown. Later in life, the crown will sag more, becoming more flattened and broadly vase-shaped. The young twigs are green, the old bark is light grey and smooth. Most striking about this species are the shiny dark green leaves, which give the tree a vital appearance. The leaves have three main veins, which are most clearly visible on the underside of the leaf. The leaf margin is smooth, at most with a few small teeth near the apex. Flowering is inconspicuous, but does attract bees. The flowers are followed by small black fruits.

This *Celtis* prefers to grow on loamy soil. Tolerates drought and air pollution, making it a good future tree.