



Ailanthus altissima 'Sangiovese'



Height	20 m, fast growing
Width	10-15m
Crown	rounded to spherical, open, half-open crown
Bark and branches	young twigs red-brown, older bark light grey with shallow light brown grooves
Leaf	(im)paripinnate, purplish red, up to 60 cm long, feathered leaf
Flowers	greenish white, in panicles, June/August
Fruits	unknown
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	few soil requirements, can be used in paved surfaces
Soil moisture	suitable for dry soil
Paving	tolerates paving
Winter hardiness zone	6 (-23,3 to -17,8 °C)
Wind resistance	moderate
Other resistances	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), resistant to de-icing salt
Fauna tree	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), resistant to de-icing salt, valuable for butterflies
Application	avenues and broad streets, industrial areas
Shape	clearstem tree, multi-stem tree

Large tree, up to about 20 m. Crown initially vase-shaped, later virtually round. Grows vigorously, especially when young. On the naturally imparipinnate leaf, the end lobe is often absent. The leaves are a deep, purplish red on emerging. Later in summer, they turn dark purplish green to dark green, but the young leaves retain their deep colour. The tree can survive even in the poorest and driest places, although such circumstances will inhibit growth. As well as drought, Ailanthus can tolerate air pollution.