



Acer campestre 'Nanum'



Height	2.5 - 3 m (from graft union), slow growing
Width	2,5-3m
Crown	bulbous, very dense, dark, dense crown
Bark and branches	grey bark
Leaf	3/5 lobes, dark green, 4 - 6 cm
Autumn colour	yellow
Flowers	small, terminal corymbs, yellow-green, May
Fruits	single-seeded, winged, always in pairs
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	all, except dry infertile sandy soil
Paving	tolerates paving
Winter hardness zone	5a (-28,8 to -26,1 °C)
Wind resistance	good
Other resistances	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, resistant to de-icing salt
Fauna tree	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, resistant to de-icing salt, valuable for butterflies
Application	tree containers, roof gardens, coastal areas, industrial areas, small gardens, patio gardens
Shape	clearstem tree
Origin	London, Great Britain, 1839
Synonyms	Acer campestre 'Compactum'

The cultivar 'Nanum' is a very conspicuous cultivar that catches the attention because of its very dense, bulbous crown. A crown that can reach circa 3 m both in height and spread. Because of this crown the 'Nanum' can easily be applied in shopping areas, on parking lots and in (town) parks. In autumn the tree has an extra decorative value because the leaves turn into a beautiful dark yellow autumn colour. The plant has to be propagated by grafting and the height of the stem depends strongly on the height of the grafting. A graft height of 2.2 m is usual. This plant is also grown as a shrub. The height of grafting is not relevant then. As a shrub 'Nanum' assumes the same shape: dense and bulbous.