



## Acer campestre 'Lienco'



<b>Height</b>	6-10 m
<b>Width</b>	3-4m
<b>Crown</b>	ovoid / egg-shaped, dark, dense crown
<b>Bark and branches</b>	brown, grey
<b>Leaf</b>	green, bronze
<b>Autumn colour</b>	yellow
<b>Flowers</b>	yellowgreen, flowers in May
<b>Fruits</b>	redgreen, inconspicuous
<b>Spines/thorns</b>	None
<b>Toxicity</b>	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
<b>Soil type</b>	clayed soil, loamy soil, sandy soil, peaty soil, all soil types
<b>Paving</b>	tolerates partial paving
<b>Winter hardiness zone</b>	5a (-28,8 to -26,1 °C)
<b>Wind resistance</b>	good/very good
<b>Other resistances</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, resistant to de-icing salt
<b>Fauna tree</b>	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind, resistant to de-icing salt, valuable for butterflies
<b>Application</b>	avenues and broad streets, narrow streets, tree containers, roof gardens, coastal areas, industrial areas
<b>Shape</b>	clearstem tree

Small to medium size tree, initially broad and columnar, ovoid when mature. The dark green leaf is somewhat less undulate than normal in the species. It has a somewhat bronze colour in spring. The leaf is fairly resistant to mildew and gall mite, and completely so to red spider mite. A good avenue tree for use on green belts, road verges, narrower streets, housing estates and squares. Does not grow well enclosed by paved surfaces. 'Lienco' was discovered by M. Hendriksen but marketed by Handels Coöperatie Lienden.