



Larix decidua 'Pendula'



Height	6-8 m, fast growing
Width	4-6m
Crown	broad, weeping, light, open crown, capricious growing
Bark and branches	grey, reddish brown
Leaf	green
Autumn colour	yellow
Flowers	reddish brown, yellowish, flowers in April
Fruits	ovoid cones, 2 - 5 cm, dark red at first, later dark brown
Spines/thorns	None
Toxicity	usually not toxic to people, (large) pets and livestock
Soil type	clayed soil, loamy soil, sandy soil, calcareous soil
Paving	tolerates no paving
Winter hardiness zone	3 (-40,0 to -24,5 °C)
Wind resistance	good
Other resistances	resistant to frost (WH 1 - 6), can withstand wind
Application	small gardens, patio gardens
Shape	clearstem tree, feathered tree, clearstem conifer, specimen conifer

Larix decidua 'Pendula' is a small to medium-sized tree growing 6 to 8 m tall, with a very distinctive appearance. It forms a slightly sinuous continuous central branch with strongly drooping side branches and twigs. As a result, the crown is irregular, capricious and open. On the longer twigs, the needles are scattered, on short twigs they are in bundles. This position of the needles is typical of Larix. The needles are dark green and turn golden yellow in autumn before falling off. 'Pendula' is best used on slightly alkaline soils. Does not tolerate paving, so is especially suitable as a solitary in gardens, parks, cemeteries, etc. It is well wind resistant and very hardy. 'Pendula' was named as early as 1836, but clones of L. decidua with drooping branches may have been grown as early as the 18th century. Over the course of history, several clones under the name 'Pendula' have entered the market. Some of these do not form a continuous heart branch and need to be grafted onto a (high) trunk. Hardiness zone: 3